Annual

Comprehensive

Financial

Report



Jackson County, Oregon

For the Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

Prepared by Finance Department
Brenda Baldovino
Finance Director

Jackson County, Oregon

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020

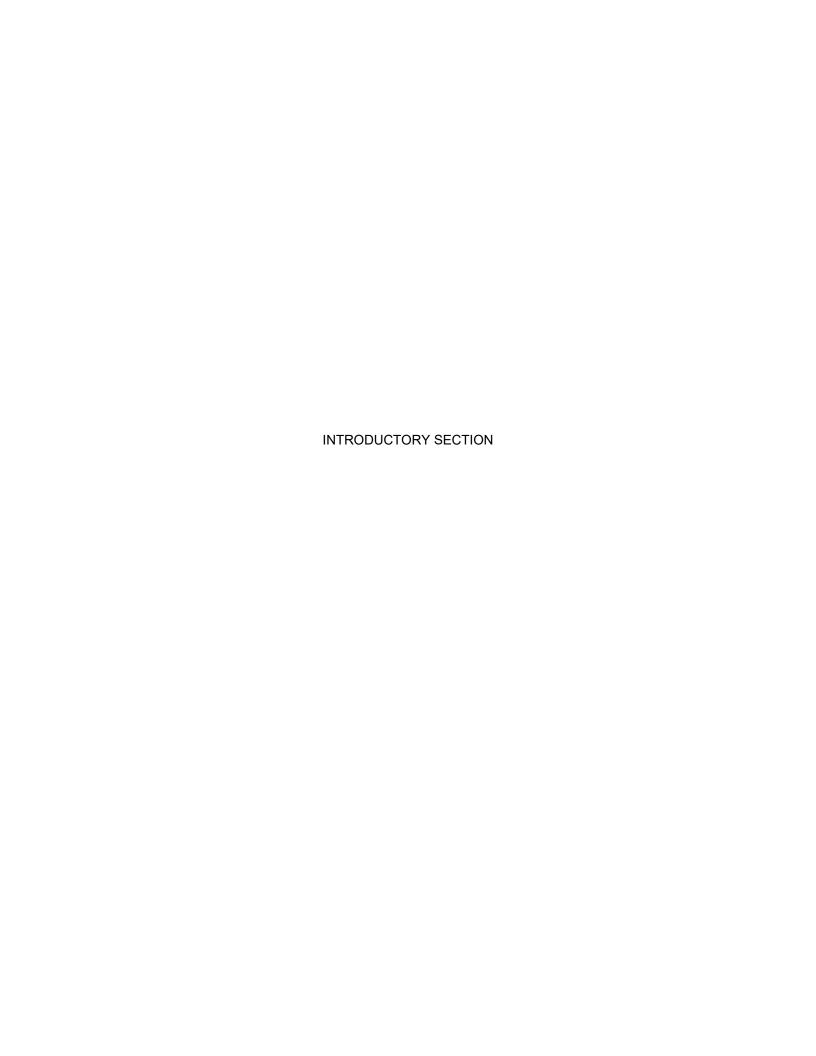
Prepared by:

Finance Department

Years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

Table of Contents

	<u>Page</u>
Introductory Section:	
Letter of Transmittal Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Organization Chart	i - iv V vi
Board of Directors and Registered Agent	vii
Financial Section:	
Independent Auditor's Report Management's Discussion and Analysis Basic Financial Statements:	1 - 2 3 - 6
Balance Sheets Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Statements of Cash Flows Notes to Financial Statements	7 8 9 10 - 17
Supplementary Information:	10 - 17
Combining Balance Sheet - All Funds Used for Budgetary Reporting Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance - All Funds Used for Budgetary Reporting	18 - 19 20 - 21
Schedules of Budgeted and Actual Resources and Requirements - Budgetary Basis:	20 - 21
General Fund Bear Creek Interceptor Operations & Maintenance Fund Dunn Pump Station Operations and Maintenance Fund Interceptor Capital Expansion Fund White City Storm Drains Fund Stormwater Quality Fund Shady Cove Treatment Fund Treatment Capital Fund Gold Hill Treatment Fund Gold Hill Collection Fund Lagoon Fund	22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32
Statistical Section: Net Position by Component Operating Results Permits Issued, Customers, Gallons Transmitted, Rates Demographic Statistics Largest Consumption Customers Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type Debt Coverage Ratio Number of Employees Operating and Capital Indicators	33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41
Comments and Disclosures of Independent Auditor Required by State Regulations	42 -43





Location: 138 West Vilas Road, Central Point - Mailing Address: P.O. Box 3130, Central Point, OR 97502-0005 Tel. (541) 664-6300 or (541) 779-4144 FAX (541) 664-7171 www.RVSS.us

January 3, 2022

To the Honorable Chairman and Board of Directors,

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of Rogue Valley Sewer Services (RVS) for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, is hereby submitted.

This report was prepared in accordance with the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes Sections 297.405 through 297.555. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentations, including all disclosures, rests with the District. We believe the data is accurate and complete in all material respects; that it is presented in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position, results of operations, and changes in cash flows of the District at June 30, 2021, and for the year then ended.

Profile of RVS

The Rogue Valley Sewer Services is a Sanitary District that provides sewer service for rural and urban portions of Jackson County, Oregon, the cities of Talent, Central Point, Jacksonville, Phoenix and Eagle Point, Oregon, and portions of the city of Medford, Oregon. Voters approved formation of the District at a special election dated August 30, 1966. The District was declared established on September 21, 1966. The District's primary purpose is to provide sanitary sewer service to those within its boundaries who may connect to our system as well as to construct and maintain sewers where health hazards exist in rural areas of Jackson County, Oregon.

The District operates the regional interceptor sewer system, which transports flows from the other regional member – the city of Medford. The cities of Central Point, Jacksonville and Phoenix have been annexed into the District in 2000, 2005 and 2006 respectively. The interceptor system consists of the Upper Bear Creek Interceptor, the Lower Bear Creek Interceptor, the North Medford Trunk, the Dunn Pump Station and Pressure Main. The District also operates a sanitary sewer collection system within the service area. Total interceptor and trunk system is approximately 395 miles in length, within a District boundary of about 190 square miles.

The District manages a storm water quality program for the cities of Talent, Phoenix, Central Point, and Jackson County through Intergovernmental agreements with the cities.

The District also operates the sanitary sewer collection system and treatment plant for the City of Shady Cove and the City of Gold Hill through an intergovernmental agreement.

The Board of Directors of the District consists of five elected members. The District is separately governed and was established under Oregon Revised Statutes Chapter 450.705 through .990.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

As the region continues to recover from the most recent recession, Rogue Valley Sewer Services has seen an increase in new construction which results in increases in development fees and services charges.

Internal Control

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that assets of the District are protected from loss, theft or misuse in a cost effective manner. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes two facts. First, the cost of a control should not exceed the benefit likely to be derived. Second, the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. The internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management and by independent accountants.

All internal control evaluations occur within this framework. We believe the District's systems of internal control adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

Accounting System and Budgeting Controls.

For financial reporting and operating purposes, management considers the District's activities as those of an enterprise operation and, as such, are reported in a single fund in the basic financial statements. However, for budgetary and legal purposes, these activities are accounted for in the funds described below on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

General Fund. The General Fund accounts for the District's normal recurring sewer operations. The primary source of revenue is sewer service fees, maintenance contracts, and service payments. The General Fund also accounts for the construction of new sewer projects and the rehabilitation of existing systems. Assessments levied to finance new projects are accounted for by this fund prior to the sale of bonds. New construction has been primarily financed internally. Major rehabilitation projects have been financed with state revolving loan funds

<u>Bear Creek Interceptor (BCI) Operations and Maintenance Fund.</u> The BCI Operations and Maintenance Fund accounts for the maintenance cost of the Bear Creek Interceptor that is shared by the District and the cities of Medford, Jacksonville, and Phoenix. The actual maintenance is the responsibility of the District, and each entity is billed monthly for their share of the cost.

<u>Dunn Pump Station (DPS) Operations and Maintenance Fund</u>. The DPS Operations and Maintenance Fund accounts for the maintenance cost of the Dunn Pump Station that is shared by the District and the cities of Medford and Jacksonville. The actual maintenance is the responsibility of the District, and each entity is billed monthly for their share of the cost. In 2004 the Region agreed to one flat rate for both BCI and DPS.

<u>Interceptor Capital Expansion Fund</u>. The Interceptor Capital Expansion Fund accounts for the capital costs of the Bear Creek Interceptor and Dunn Pump Station that are shared by the District and the City of Medford. The actual capital expansion projects are the responsibility of the District, and each entity is billed monthly for their share of the cost.

White City Storm Drain Fund. The White City Storm Drain Fund was established to upgrade and maintain certain portions of the industrial side of White City storm drain area not maintained by the County.

<u>Storm Water Quality Fund.</u> In order to protect and improve the quality of water in wells, creeks and rivers, the federal government has established a more stringent storm water program. This fund was created to account for the receipt of a new monthly fee and the expenditures regarding storm water quality.

<u>Shady Cove Treatment.</u> The Shady Cove Treatment Fund was initially established as the Shady Cove Operations and Maintenance Fund established in 2011 to manage both the collection system and the treatment plant.

<u>Treatment Capital.</u> The Treatment Capital Fund is a dedicated fund initially established in 2011 to pay for capital improvements within the Shady Cove collection system and treatment plant for 5 years. Under this agreement,

With the annexation the purpose of this fund will be expanded to cover capital improvements to both the Shady Cove Treatment Plant and the White City Lagoons, as both are now treatment facilities owned and operated by RVS.

<u>Gold Hill Treatment.</u> The Gold Hill Treatment Fund was newly established in FY2018 to track expenses related to the wastewater treatment plant for the City of Gold Hill. The current agreement with Gold Hill expires in 2022.

<u>Gold Hill Collection System.</u> The Gold Hill Collection System Fund was newly established for FY2018 and is intended to allow the expenses related to operating the sewer collection system for the City of Gold Hill. The current agreement with Gold Hill expires in 2022.

<u>Lagoons</u>. The Lagoons Fund was newly established for FY2020 to track the expenses related to operating the Lagoons.

The District annually prepares a budget, by fund, to control its fiscal operations. A proposed detailed budget is prepared by District management and is submitted to the Budget Committee. The Budget Committee consists of the Board of Directors and five appointed members. The Committee may revise or approve the proposed budget. After the Budget Committee approves the proposed budget, it is submitted to the Board of Directors, and a public hearing is held. The Board adopts the budget and makes appropriations by major functional classifications for all funds, allowing the District to expend funds for the year. Appropriations adopted by the Board lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

The District may adopt supplemental budgets as a result of unexpected additional resources. Adoption of supplemental budget requires hearings before the public, publication in newspapers, approval by the Board of Directors, and adoption of appropriations. Original and supplemental budgets may be modified by the Board of Directors through the use of appropriation transfers. While the General Fund is organized by departments, the budget for this and all funds are appropriated by categories of personal services, materials and supplies, capital outlay, debt and transfers to other funds. These amounts can be seen in the supplementary schedules of expenditures — original and final budget compared to actual.

Independent Audit

The provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes Section 297.405 through 297.555, known as "Municipal Audit Law", require that an independent audit of the District's records be made within six months following the close of the fiscal year. The auditors, Isler CPA, LLC have completed their audit and have included their opinion in the financial section of this report.

Fiduciary Operations

Both a pension plan and a deferred compensation program are provided to all District employees. In FY 2021 the District contributed 8.6% of the base salary of eligible employees to the International City Manager's Association (ICMA) retirement system. This plan is a defined contribution plan in which the participating employees are required to contribute 6% of their base salary. Employees are vested immediately.

The deferred compensation program falls within the guidelines of the Internal Revenue Code section 457. The plan permits the employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years as a retirement program and are taxed only upon receipt. The total amount of deferred compensation and earnings thereon at June 30, 2021 is \$1,740,807.45.

The District also has a Retirement Health Savings plan with ICMA. The District contributes 3% of eligible salary for management employees and allows contributions from both management and union employees.

Long Term Financial Planning

Rogue Valley Sewer Services is focused on ways to conserve the existing assets while reducing operating expenses. Efforts to preserve the existing assets include a tight maintenance program. The O&M department cleans 1/3 of our service lines annually and 1/5, or 75 miles, of those lines are tv'd to identify any faulty lines to avoid increased costs resulting from deferred maintenance or major repairs.

Awards and Acknowledgments

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the District for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports for the fiscal years ended June 30, 1990 through 2020. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. The reports satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

We wish to express our appreciation to the staff of our Administrative/Finance Department for their efforts and contributions in the preparation of the annual report. We also thank and extend our appreciation to the members of our Board of Directors for their support and dedication to the financial operation of the District.

Please see the Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 3-6, for a further analysis of the District's operations.

Respectfully submitted,

Carl Tappert Manager

Brenda Baldovino, Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Rogue Valley Sewer Services Oregon

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

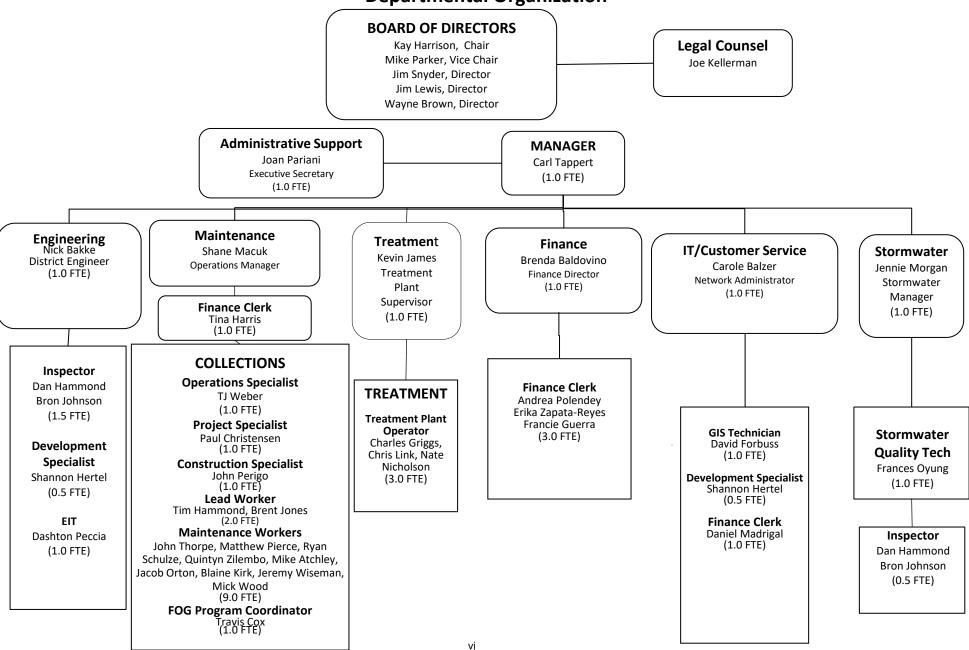
June 30, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

ROGUE VALLEY SEWER SERVICES FISCAL YEAR 2020 - 2021





For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Board of Directors and Registered Agent

As of June 30, 2021

Board of Directors	Term Expires
Kay Harrison, Chair 138 West Vilas Road, Central Point, OR 97502	June 2023
Mike Parker, Vice Chair 138 West Vilas Road, Central Point, OR 97502	June 2023
Jim Snyder, Director 138 West Vilas Road, Central Point, OR 97502	June 2023
Jim Lewis, Director 138 West Vilas Road, Central Point, OR 97502	June 2021
Wayne Brown, Director 138 West Vilas Road, Central Point, OR 97502	June 2021

Administrative Staff

Carl Tappert, Manager and Registered Agent

Legal Counsel

Hornecker, Cowling, Hassen & Haysell, LLP





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Rogue Valley Sewer Services Jackson County, Oregon 1976 Garden Ave. Eugene, OR 97403 541.342.5161 www.islercpa.com

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Rogue Valley Sewer Services ("RVS"), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise RVS' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to RVS' preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of RVS as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the changes in its financial position, and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A"), be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the MD&A in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise RVS' basic financial statements. The combining schedules and the budgeted and actual schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining schedules and the budgeted and actual schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental schedules are fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the Minimum Standards of Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have issued our report dated January 3, 2022 on our consideration of RVS' compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statues as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

By Paul Nielson, a member of the firm for Isler CPA

Paul R nielson

January 3, 2022

Rogue Valley Sewer Services Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Rogue Valley Sewer Services (RVS), we offer readers of RVS' financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of RVS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal.

All amounts in this MD&A are presented in thousands unless otherwise indicated.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of RVS exceeded its liabilities at the close of June 30, 2021 by \$109,085, an increase of \$4,230. Net Position consists of \$10,183 (unrestricted net position) which may be used to meet ongoing obligations, \$2,296 of restricted net position related to system development and \$96,606 is invested in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and related debt.
- Total operating revenues were \$13,009, a decrease of \$421 from the prior year. Operating expenses totaled \$11,325, an increase of \$141 from the prior year. The difference between operating revenues and operating expenses resulted in operating income of \$1,877.
- RVS has \$98,756 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. This is an increase of \$3,404 from the prior year. RVS also recognized \$2,109 in depreciation expense in the current fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to RVS' Basic Financial Statements. The Basic Financial Statements include the notes to the financial statements. In addition to these statements, this report also contains supplementary information.

RVS is a self-supporting entity and follows enterprise fund reporting, accordingly, the financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. RVS' annual report consists of the Balance Sheets, the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Positions and the Statements of Cash Flows. The Balance Sheets provide information about the financial position of RVS, including all of its capital assets and long-term liabilities, on the full accrual basis, similar to that used by corporations. The Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Positions present information showing how RVS' net position has changed as a result of current year operations. Regardless of when cash is affected, all changes in net position are reported when the underlying transactions occur. As a result, there are transactions included that do not affect the cash flow until future fiscal periods. The Statements of Cash Flows present information showing how RVS's cash balance changed as a result of current year operations. This statement is prepared using the direct method and includes the reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities (indirect method).

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a complete understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Total assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, and net position were as follows:

Change

				2020 -	0
	2021	2020	2019	Amount	Percent %
Assets:					
Current assets	\$ 13,867	\$ 13,182	\$ 11,005	\$ 685	5.2
Noncurrent receivables	153	178	219	(25)	(14.0)
Capital assets (net)	98,756	95,353	89,207	3,403	3.6
Total assets	112,776	108,713	100,431	4,063	3.7
Liabilities:					
Current liabilities	1,005	905	817	100	11.0
Long-term liabilities	2,687	2,953	3,250	(266)	(9.0)
Total liabilities	3,692	3,858	4,067	(166)	(4.3)
Net position:					
Net investment in					
capital assets	96,606	93,057	86,601	3,549	3.8
Restricted	2,296	2,119	1,736	177	8.4
Unrestricted	10,183	9,679	8,027	504	5.2
Total net position	\$ 109,085	\$ 104,855	\$ 96,364	\$ 4,230	4.0

Total assets increased for this fiscal year by \$4,063. The asset increase is due primarily to the additions of capital asset during the year in the amount of \$3,403. Current assets increased by \$685 as a direct result of an increase in sewer rates.

Total liabilities decreased by \$166 from last year. The decrease in long-term liabilities is related to the scheduled payment on the outstanding long-term debt and a decrease in accounts payable.

Net position may serve as a useful indicator of RVS' financial position. As of June 30, 2021, assets exceeded liabilities by \$109,085, a 4.0 percent increase over the prior period. Investment in capital assets are considered unavailable for current expenditures and account for 88.6 percent of the total net position (88.7 percent of total net position at June 30, 2020). Unrestricted net position accounts for 9.3 percent of the total net position (9.2 percent of the total net position at June 30, 2020). Unrestricted net position is normally the part of net position used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants or other legal requirements. Restricted net position represents assets set aside for debt service and future system development.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, continued

The following schedule presents a summary of revenues, expenses and changes in net position for RVS and the amount and percentage change from 2020 to 2021.

				Change 20	020 - 2021
	2021	2020	2019	Amount	Percent %
Program revenues: Charges for services Capital grants and contributions	\$ 13,009 2,526	\$ 13,429 1,544	\$ 11,851 3,073	\$ (420) 982	(3.1) 63.6
General revenues: Interest income	89	54_	222	35	64.8
Total revenues	15,624	15,027	15,146	597	4.0
Expenses: Sewer operations Interest expense	11,325 <u>69</u>	11,185 <u>57</u>	10,790 <u>67</u>	140 12	1.3 21.1
Total expenses	11,394	11,242	10,857	152	1.4
Change in net position	4,230	3,785	4,289	445	11.8
Net position-beginning*	104,855	101,070	92,077	3,785	3.7
Net position-ending	\$109,085	\$104,855	\$ 96,366	\$ 4,230	4.0

^{*}Due to the annexation of the City of Shady Cove's sewer operations the beginning net position for the year ended June 30, 2020 was adjusted by \$4,705

Total charges for services in 2021 decreased 3.1% over 2020 due to a rate increase. Although rates were increased, the increase was offset by the fires in southern Oregon. Investment earnings increased due to changes in interest rates and an increase in amounts held as cash and cash equivalents. Operating expenses increased by 1.3 percent as compared to the prior period.

CAPITAL ASSETS

At June 30, 2021, RVS had \$98,756 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, utility plant, buildings, furniture and equipment, and construction in progress.

RVS' Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	2021	2020	2019
Land	\$ 486	\$ 486	\$ 428
Site Improvements	211	211	211
Intangible Asset-System Buy-In-Costs	1,450	1,450	1,450
Construction in progress	1,094	2,000	1,012
Utility plant	128,563	122,821	115,975
Buildings	1,675	1,675	1,675
Furniture, Fixture and Equipment	6,556	5,880	5,542
Total	140,035	134,523	126,293
Less accumulated depreciation	(41,279)	(39,170)	(37,086)
Total	<u>\$ 98,756</u>	\$ 95,353	\$ 89,207

Major capital events placed into service during FY 2021 included the following:

- Fire damage repair of \$760
- Gangnes rehab of \$ 265
- Dunns pump replacement \$663
- Vehicles \$487

Additional information on RVS' capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements in the note titled capital assets.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

RVS had the following outstanding debt

	2021	2020	2019
Series 2013 bond obligation	\$ 2,150	\$ 2,460	\$ 2,765

Additional information on RVS' debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements in the note titled Long-term debt

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The Almeda Fire on September 8, 2020 devastated the cities of Talent and Phoenix. Over 2,000 homes and close to 100 businesses were destroyed. RVS lost nearly 5% of it's customer base. RVS estimates a reduction in revenue for FY2021 of between \$500,000 and \$1,000,000 and additional capital spending of approximately \$700,000 to mitigate fire damage. RVS sewer revenue was not nearly as affected due to an increase in sewer fees. RVS received 75% reimbursement from FEMA on the additional work performed after the fires i.e cleaning and capping the lines on buildings that burnt down.

We expect to resume our previous capital improvement plan in FY 2022.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

Our financial report is designed to provide our ratepayers and creditors with an overview of RVS' finances. If you have any questions about this report or need any clarification of information please contact the Finance Department at the Rogue Valley Sewer Services. Our address is: 138 W. Vilas Road (PO Box 3130), Central Point, Oregon, 97502.



Balance Sheets

June 30, 2021 and 2020

		2021		2020
ASSETS:				
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Current portion of assessments receivable Prepaid expenses	\$	12,222,607 1,637,349 7,075	\$	11,855,896 1,238,867 7,520 79,936
Total current assets		13,867,031		13,182,219
Noncurrent assets: Assessments receivable Capital assets - net Total noncurrent assets	_ 	153,069 98,756,240 98,909,309	_	177,841 95,352,500 95,530,341
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	112,776,340	\$	108,712,560
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll and related liabilities Unearned revenue Accrued interest payable Current portion of compensated absences Current portion of long-term debt Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Long-term debt, net of current portion	\$ 	820,324 27,932 142,118 14,049 140,000 265,000 1,409,423	\$	717,861 24,957 145,442 16,074 140,000 310,000 1,354,334 2,156,091
Compensated absences net of current portion Total noncurrent liabilities	_	397,247 2,282,247		347,360 2,503,451
Total liabilities	_	3,691,670	_	3,857,785
NET POSITION:				
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for system development Unrestricted		96,606,240 2,295,884 10,182,546		93,056,409 2,119,113 9,679,253
Total net position	_	109,084,670		104,854,775
Total liabilities and net position	<u>\$</u>	112,776,340	\$	108,712,560

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Years ended Ju	ne 30, 2021	and 2020
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		2021		2020
Operating revenues:				
Sewer service charges Reimbursements Maintenance and other fees Other revenue Grant revenue	\$	11,122,816 1,200,885 654,649 19,333 11,230	\$	11,244,665 605,591 1,459,956 64,508 54,760
Total operating revenues		13,008,913	_	13,429,480
Operating expenses:				
Labor and fringe benefits Treatment charges Administrative Depreciation	_	4,402,676 3,671,497 1,141,917 2,109,101		3,928,944 3,728,850 1,414,810 2,111,800
Total operating expenses		11,325,191		11,184,404
Operating income (loss)	_	1,683,722		2,245,076
Nonoperating revenues and expenses:				
Interest income Interest expense		89,305 (68,946)		53,731 (57,479)
Total nonoperating revenue and expenses		20,359		(3,748)
Income (loss) before contributions		1,704,081		2,241,328
System development charges Capital assets contributed		796,974 1,728,840		719,182 825,194
Total capital contributions		2,525,814	_	1,544,376
Change in net position		4,229,895		3,785,704
Net position - beginning of year		104,854,775	_	101,069,071
Net position - end of year	<u>\$</u>	109,084,670	\$	104,854,775

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

	2021	2020
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$ 12,607,107 (4,631,014) (4,349,814)	\$ 13,430,902 (4,987,692) (3,981,872)
Net cash provided by operating activities	3,626,279	4,461,338
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(3,784,002)	(2,727,174)
System development charges Principal paid on long-term debt Interest paid on notes payable	796,974 (316,091) (70,971)	719,182 (334,890) (59,472)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(3,374,090)	(2,402,354)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Principal received on special assessments Interest received on investments	25,217 89,305	44,433 53,731
Net cash provided by investing activities	114,522	98,164
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	366,711	2,157,148
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1	11,855,896	9,698,748
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$ 12,222,607	\$ 11,855,896
Supplemental schedule of noncash capital and related financing activities:		
Contribution of capital from developers	\$ 1,728,840	\$ 825,194
Annexation of City of Shady Cove sewer system	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 4,705,460
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ 1,683,722	\$ 2,245,076
Depreciation Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	2,109,101	2,111,800
Accounts receivable Unearned income Prepaid expenses Accounts payable Payroll and related accruals Compensated absences	(398,481) (3,324) 79,936 102,462 2,975 49,888	(11,603) 13,025 (11,396) 167,364 (90,882) 37,954
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 3,626,279	<u>\$ 4,461,338</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2021 and 2020

1. Summary of significant accounting policies

A. Reporting entity

RVS is a Municipal Corporation formed in September 21, 1966, under the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes, Chapter 450, with a favorable public election held on August 30, 1966, to own and operate an interceptor sewer system. The system consists of the Upper Bear Creek Interceptor, Lower Bear Creek Interceptor, Dunn Pump Station and Pressure Main. The system includes a 20-million gallon per day raw sewage pumping station and a 31-acre 2-cell treatment lagoon. RVS also owns and operates many trunk projects covering approximately 190 square miles within the Rogue Valley, and provides sewer services to the cities of Central Point, Eagle Point, Jacksonville, Talent, and Phoenix, Oregon and portions of the City of Medford, Oregon. RVS has no potential or actual component units.

Administrative functions of RVS are directed by the Manager of RVS who reports to the Board of Directors.

B. Basis of accounting

RVS' financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting using the "economic resources" measurement focus. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flow. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities are reflected within the statement of net position with the equity section representing "total net position."

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds (enterprise) distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of RVS are sewer service charges. Sewer service revenue is recorded when the service is rendered. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, RVS considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased and all amounts in pooled accounts to be cash equivalents.

Assessments Revenue and Receivables

RVS offers financing for Local Improvement District (LID) assessments to customers who are unable to pay assessment fees up front. Assessment revenues and the associated receivables are recorded at the time the associated project is completed.

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2021 and 2020

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

B. Basis of accounting (continued)

Capital Assets

Purchased capital assets are stated at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Major additions, improvements and replacements are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Donated capital assets are stated at their acquisition value at the date of donation. Gains or losses realized from the disposition of capital assets are reflected in the statement of operations. RVS capitalizes all individual items over \$3,000, except for rehabilitation projects which use a \$5,000 capitalization threshold.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated lives as follows:

Utility plant 20 - 75 years
Buildings 25 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment 5- 12 years

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, and ending net position during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Long-Term Debt

In the financial statements, long-term debt is reported as a liability in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Debt issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated PTO leave is recorded as an expense and liability as the benefits accrue to employees. A liability is recorded for PTO benefits. Upon termination, employees are paid up to 120 hours of accrued PTO.

Risk Management

RVS is exposed to various risks of loss during its ordinary course of business. To mitigate the risk of loss, various commercial insurance policies have been purchased and are reviewed for adequacy by management annually. There have been no significant changes in coverage nor have any settlements exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years. RVS has several programs to protect against the risk of loss of life or assets. The insurance program includes the "normal" coverage subject to nominal deductibles for commercial, auto, property, liability, etc., as well as treasurer's bonding, director and officer liability, expense for effluent spills from collection system infrastructure and pump stations and computer systems. RVS is self-insured for purposes of unemployment compensation claims.

Reclassifications

Certain amounts reported for 2020 have been reclassified in the accompanying financial statements to conform to the presentation for 2021. Such reclassifications had no effect on the change in net position (net income) for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2021 and 2020

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

B. Basis of accounting (continued)

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- A. Net investment in capital assets consists of net capital assets reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.
- B. Restricted net position net position is considered restricted if asset use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws or buyers of RVS' bonds. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows or resources related to the restricted assets.
- C. Unrestricted net position consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by RVS.

When an expense is incurred for a purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, management applies restricted net position first, unless a determination is made to use unrestricted net position. RVS' policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use and legal requirements. Management typically makes this decision on a transactional basis at the incurrence of the expense.

2. Stewardship, compliance, and accountability

Budget information

For financial reporting and operating purposes, RVS considers its activities as those of a unitary enterprise operation (proprietary fund). Therefore, these activities are reported in a single enterprise fund. However, for legal requirements as set forth in the Oregon Local Budget Law, RVS prepares and adopts a budget on the modified accrual basis for its individual fund types. The resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the level by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. For all funds, RVS has established the level of control by expenditure category. These categories include: personnel services, materials and services, capital outlay, contingency, debt service and transfers to other funds.

Unexpected additional resources and related expenditures may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget and appropriate resolution. A supplemental budget requires hearings before the public, publications in newspapers and approval by the Board of Directors. Original and supplemental budgets may be modified by the use of appropriation transfers between the levels of control. Transfers require the approval of the Board of Directors. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. RVS does not use encumbrance accounting.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

Fund Transfers out Gold HIII Treatmwent Fund \$ 49,412 Gold HIII Collection Fund 9,729

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2021 and 2020

3. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents at June 30 are comprised of:

	2021		2020	
Cash on hand	\$	650	\$	650
Deposits with Financial Institutions		454,495		291,478
Local Government Investment Pool		11,767,462		11,563,768
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,222,607	\$	11,855,896

State statutes govern RVS' fund cash management policies, because RVS does not have an official investment policy. State statutes authorize RVS to invest in the Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool, time certificates of deposit, U.S. Government Treasury Obligations, and obligations of the United States and its agencies and instrumentalities.

The Oregon State Treasurer maintains the Oregon Short Term Fund (OSTF), of which the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is a part. Participation by local governments is voluntary. The State of Oregon investment policies are governed by statute and the Oregon Investment Council. In accordance with Oregon Statutes, funds are invested as a prudent investor would do, exercising reasonable care, skill and caution. LGIP was created to offer a short-term investment alternative to Oregon local governments and it is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. The investments are regulated by the OSTF and approved by the Oregon Investment Council (ORS 294.805 to 294.895). The OSTF financial statements are available at http://www.ost.state.or.us/.

Credit risk: The LGIP is not rated by any national rating service.

Interest rate risk: The weighted-average maturity of LGIP is less than one year.

Custodial credit risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the RVS' deposits may not be returned to it. Deposits with financial institutions include bank demand deposits. Cash, except for cash held at the RVS, is covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC) or by collateral held in a multiple financial institution collateral pool called the Public Funds Collateralization Program (PFCP) administered by the Office of the State Treasurer for the State of Oregon. As of June 30, 2021 and 2020, none of RVS' bank balances were exposed to credit risk.

4. Assessments receivable

Assessments receivable represent the uncollected amounts levied against benefited property for the cost of local improvements. Because the assessments are liens against the benefited property, an allowance for uncollectible amounts is deemed unnecessary. Assessments are payable over a period of 5 to 20 years and bear a rate of interest between 4.0% and 5.5%.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2021 and 2020

5. Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

Capital assets not being	July 1, 2020	Additions	Transfers and Retirements	June 30, 2021
depreciated:				
Land	\$ 486,385	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 486,385
Site Improvements	210,615	-	-	210,615
Intangible Asset-System Buy- In-Costs	1,450,481	_	_	1,450,481
Construction in progress	1,999,539	4,831,585	(5,737,067)	1,094,057
Total capital assets not being			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
depreciated	4,147,020	4,831,585	(5,737,067)	3,241,538
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Utility Plant	122,820,534	5,592	5,737,067	128,563,193
Buildings	1,674,468	-	-	1,674,468
Furniture, Fixture and Equipment	5,880,092	675,664		6,555,756
• •	3,000,092	073,004		0,333,730
Total capital assets being depreciated	130,375,094	681,256	5,737,067	136,793,417
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Utility Plant	(33,497,680)	(1,653,713)	-	(35,151,393)
Buildings	(1,099,246)	(66,607)	-	(1,165,853)
Furniture, Fixture and Equipment	(4,572,688)	(388,781)		(4,961,469)
Total accumulated depreciation	(39,169,614)	(2,109,101)		(41,278,715)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	91,205,480	(1,427,845)	5,737,067	95,514,702
Total capital assets, net	\$ 95,352,500	\$ 3,403,740	\$ -	\$ 98,756,240

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2021 and 2020

5. Capital assets (continued)

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	July 1, 2019	Additions	Transfers and Retirements	June 30, 2020
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 486,385	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 486,385
Site Improvements	210,615	-	-	210,615
Intangible Asset-System Buy- In-Costs	1,450,481	_	_	1,450,481
Construction in progress	1,011,929	3,185,776	(2,198,166)	1,999,539
Total capital assets not being				
depreciated	3,159,410	3,185,776	(2,198,166)	4,147,020
Capital assets being depreciated:	400 600 060		2 400 466	100 000 F24
Utility Plant Buildings	120,622,368 1,674,468	-	2,198,166	122,820,534 1,674,468
Furniture, Fixture and	.,,			.,0,.00
Equipment	5,541,973	366,592	(28,473)	5,880,092
Total capital assets	407.000.000	000 500	0.400.000	400 075 004
being depreciated	127,838,809	366,592	2,169,693	130,375,094
Less accumulated depreciation for: Utility Plant	(31,934,441)	(1,563,239)	_	(33,497,680)
Buildings	(1,032,639)	(66,607)	-	(1,099,246)
Furniture, Fixture and Equipment	(4,119,207)	<u>(481,954)</u>	28,473	(4,572,688)
Total accumulated				
depreciation	(37,086,287)	(2,111,800)	28,473	(39,169,614)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	90,752,522	(1,745,208)	2,198,166	91,205,480
Total capital assets, net	\$ 93,911,932	<u>\$ 1,440,568</u>	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 95,352,500

6. Long-term debt

Bonds Pavable

On April 23, 2013, RVS entered into an Escrow Agreement and Financing Agreement with U.S. Bank National Association (Escrow Agent). RVS entered into the Escrow Agreement to provide for the issuance of \$4,455,000 Full Faith and Credit Obligations (the Series 2013 Obligations) which will be paid from financing payments RVS makes under the Financing Agreement. Under the Financing Agreement, the Series 2013 Obligations are secured by and payable from RVS general non-restricted revenues and other funds that may be available. The obligation to pay the financing payments is a full faith credit obligation of RVS and is not subject to appropriation. However, the obligation to pay the financing payments is not a general obligation.

The Series 2013 Obligations were issued at a premium of \$237,672. The premium represents interest paid in advance to RVS by Obligation holders who then receive a return of this premium in the form of larger periodic interest payments. The bond premium will be amortized using the effective interest method over the life of the obligations.

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2021 and 2020

6. Long-term debt (continued)

The Series 2013 Obligations were issued to refund the Oregon Department of Environmental Quality State Loan R78495, R14001, R14002, and state Loan R14003. In addition, the Series 2013 Obligations were issued to pay the cost of issuance.

The Series 2013 Obligations stated interest rate ranges between 2% and 4% based upon maturity date of each obligation. Interest is payable semiannually on April 1 and October 1 each year. Principal payments are due annually on October 1 of each year.

The obligations that mature after October 1, 2023 are not subject to optional redemption. The obligations that mature after October 1, 2023 are referred to as Term Obligations. The principal components of the Term Obligations are subject to prepayment prior to their respective payment dates in whole or in part on any date on or after October 1, 2022, upon the exercise by RVS of its option to prepay the principal components of the financing payments.

Future maturities of the Series 2013 Obligations payable at June 30, 2021, are as follows:

Year ⊑nding							
June 30	_	Principal	Interest	Total			
2022	\$	265,000	\$ 65,562	\$	330,562		
2023		250,000	55,262		305,262		
2024		250,000	45,263		295,263		
2025		240,000	36,663	276,663			
2026		245,000	29,387		274,387		
2026-30		900,000	46,706		946,706		
Total	\$	2,150,000	\$ 278,843	\$	2,428,843		

A summary of the changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2021 follows:

	Beginning Balance Re	Principal ductions Borrowed	Ending Due Within Balance One Year
Series 2013 Obligation	\$ 2,460,000 \$	(310,000) \$ -	\$ 2,150,000 \$ 265,000
Unamortized Premium	6,091	(6,091)	<u> </u>
Total long-term debt	<u>\$ 2,466,091 </u> \$	(316,091) \$ -	\$ 2,150,000 \$ 265,000

A summary of the changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2020 follows:

	Beginning Balance	Reductions	Principal Borrowed	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Series 2013 Obligation	\$ 2,765,000	\$ (305,000)	\$ -	\$ 2,460,000	\$ 310,000
Unamortized Premium	35,991	(29,900)		6,091	6,091
Total long-term debt	\$ 2,800,991	\$ (334,900)	\$ -	\$ 2,466,091	\$ 316,091

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2021 and 2020

7. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences balances were \$537,247 and \$109,085 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 respectively. The change in accrued PTO for the year ended June 30, 2021 consists of decreases of \$21,928 and increases of \$71,815. The current portion of compensated absences was \$140,000 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 respectively,

8. Retirement Plan

RVS contributes to the ICMA Retirement Corporation 401(a) Retirement Plan, a defined contribution pension plan administered by RVS for substantially all employees who have met the requirement of six months of service. Through resolution, RVS contributes 8.6% of eligible employee compensation, and employees contribute a mandatory 6% of compensation to a retirement plan created in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 401(a). Employees are eligible to receive benefits under this plan upon termination from employment or retirement and reaching age 55. The board of directors established the retirement plan by a board resolution, and can amend the plan through a board resolution.

The manager receives an additional contribution from RVS to an IRC Section 457 deferred compensation account of approximately \$1,700 per month.

Contributions to the 401(a) plan made by RVS for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 were \$238,280 on compensation of \$2,539,121. Compensation data for fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 showed contributions of \$222,973 on compensation of \$2,493,650.

9. Contingencies

From time to time, RVS is subject to legal proceedings and claims which arise in the ordinary course of its operations. In the opinion of management, the total amount of liability, if any, which may arise from such legal proceedings or claims beyond which is recovered by insurance would not materially affect RVS' financial condition.

10. Commitments

As part of the July 1, 2019 annexation of the City of Shady Cove sewer facilities, RVS is required to make debt service payments to the City of Shady Cove covering outside debt on the annexed facilities. RVS is not directly liable for these debts, which remain under the City of Shady Cove. Future scheduled payments to the City of Shady Cove are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 65,000	\$ 62,234	\$ 127,234
2023	65,000	60,294	125,294
2024	70,000	57,694	127,694
2025	70,000	54,894	124,894
2026	75,000	52,092	127,092
2027-2031	420,000	215,419	635,419
2032-2036	490,000	141,774	631,774
2037-2041	 500,000	49,344	 549,344
Total	\$ 1,755,000	\$ 693,745	\$ 2,448,745



Combining Balance Sheet - All Funds Used for Budgetary Reporting June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Bear Creek Interceptor Operation & Maintenance	Dunn Pump Station Operations and Maintenance	Interceptor Expansion	White City Storm Drain
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 2,908,984 1,239,826	\$ 415,222 3,792	\$ 708,235 	\$ 4,305,062 33,177	\$ 810,177
Total assets	\$ 4,148,810	<u>\$ 419,014</u>	\$ 708,235	\$ 4,338,239	\$ 810,177
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable Payroll and Related Accrurals Unearned Revenue	\$ 598,682 27,932 142,118	\$ 971 - -	\$ 3,323 - -	\$ 71,989 - -	\$ - - -
Total liabilities	768,732	971	3,323	71,989	-
FUND BALANCES					
Unappropriated	3,380,078	418,043	704,912	4,266,250	810,177
Total fund balances	3,380,078	418,043	704,912	4,266,250	810,177
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 4,148,810</u>	\$ 419,014	\$ 708,235	\$ 4,338,239	<u>\$ 810,177</u>

Stormwater		ady Cove		reatment		Gold Hill		d Hill		Lagoon		T ()
Quality		reatment		Capital		reatment	Colle	ection	_	Fund		Total
\$ 1,256,406 3,500	\$	281,892	\$	872,247 <u>-</u>	\$	237,069	\$	173	\$	427,141 -	\$	12,222,608 1,280,295
\$ 1,259,906	\$	281,892	\$	872,247	\$	237,069	\$	173	\$	427,141	\$	13,502,903
\$ 7,886	\$	129,512	\$	3,070	\$	3,772	\$	_	\$	1,120	\$	820,325
-	·	-	·	-	•	- ,	•	-	·	-	·	27,932
		-			_							142,118
7,886		129,512		3,070		3,772		-		1,120		990,375
1,252,020		152,380		869,177	_	233,297		173		426,021		12,512,528
1,252,020		152,380		869,177	_	233,297		173		426,021		12,512,528
\$ 1,259,906	\$	281,892	\$	872,247	\$	237,069	\$	173	\$	427,141	\$	13,502,903
			P.	conciliatio	n to	GAAP ba	sie hald	ance sh	oot.			
			110	CONCINATION	11 10	J GAAI Da	sis baid	ance sin	cci.			
			En	ding fund b	oala	ance - budo	getary l	basis			\$	12,512,528
			Ac	counts rec	eiv	able for full	accrua	al				357,054
			As	sessment	rec	eivable						160,144
				pital asset		net						98,756,240
				ng-term de								(2,150,000)
				crued inter		=						(14,049)
				mpensate							_	(537,247)
			En	ding net po	osit	ion					\$	109,084,670

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - All Funds Used for Budgetary Reporting
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		General		Bear Creek Interceptor Operation & Maintenance		Dunn Pump ation Operations nd Maintenance	Interceptor Capital Expansion		White City Storm Drains	
Revenues:										
Charges for services	\$	9,234,695	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	77,670
System development charges		796,974		-		-		-		-
Reimbursements		1,200,885		-		-		<u>-</u>		-
Maintenance and other fees		149,885		44,813		-		392,116		-
Other revenues		16,505		-		-		-		-
Grant revenues		11,230		-		-		-		-
Assessment loan repayments Interest income		28,042 23,600		2,629		- 5,404		- 35,328		6,638
	_	11,461,816	_	47,442	_	5,404	_	427,444	_	84,308
Total revenues	_	11,401,010	-	71,772		0,404	_	721,777		04,000
Expenditures:										
Personnel services		4,352,789		_		_		_		_
Materials and services		4,862,957		22,374		59,071		-		-
Debt service		123,860		· -		· -		263,202		-
Capital outlay		2,281,985		-		-		661,392		-
Payments to the City of Shady										
Cove		-	_		_					
Total expenditures	_	11,621,591	_	22,374	_	59,071		924,594	_	
Excess (deficiency) of										
revenues over (under)		(150 775)		25.068		(E2 CC7)		(407.450)		04 200
expenditures	_	(159,775)	-	25,006	_	(53,667)	_	(497,150)	_	84,308
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers in		941,297		193,347		150,000		390,412		-
Transfers out	_	(583,759)	_	(173,142)	_	(37,221)	_			(10,963)
Total Other financing sources										
(uses)	_	357,538		20,205		112,779	_	390,412		(10,963)
Change in fund balance		197,763		45,273		59,112		(106,738)		73,345
Beginning fund balance	_	3,182,315		372,770		645,800	_	4,372,988		736,832
Ending fund balance	\$	3,380,078	\$	418,043	\$	704,912	\$	4,266,250	\$	810,177

	ormwater Quality		nady Cove reatment		Treatment Capital		Gold Hill Gold Hi Treatment Collection			Lagoon Fund		_	Total
\$	362,870 - - 44,900	\$	578,137 - - -	\$	- - - 20,110	\$	360,000 - - -	\$	- - -	\$	537,117 - - -	\$	11,150,489 796,974 1,200,885 651,824
	2,828 - - 10,927 421,525		- - - 636 578,773		3,477 23,587		360,000		- - - -		666 537,783		19,333 11,230 28,042 89,305 13,948,082
	20,122		116,803		-		62,620		_ 117		- 20,211		4,352,789 5,164,275
	155,712		123,144		- 115,169		5,420		90,318		-		387,062 3,309,996 123,144
	175,834		239,947		115,169		68,040		90,435		20,211		13,337,266
	245,691		338,826		(91,582)		291,960		(90,435)	_	517,572	_	610,816
	- (282,137)		150 (232,630)		- -		- (328,162)		143,000 (53,829)	_	- (116,363)		1,818,206 (1,818,206)
	(282,137) (36,446) 1,288,466		(232,480) 106,346 46,034		- (91,582) 960,759	_	(328,162) (36,202) 269,499		89,171 (1,264) 1,437	_	(116,363) 401,209 24,812		610,816 11,901,712
\$ Reco	1,252,020 onciliation to	<u>\$</u> State	152,380 ment of Reve	\$ enues, E	869,177 Expenses, a	<u>\$</u> nd C	233,297 Changes in No	<u>\$</u> et Po	173 sition	\$	426,021	\$	12,512,528
	_		e - budgetary g full accrual		bles							10,8 27,6	316 373)
E	expenditures Contributed o	for ca	assets		_						3,78 1,72	34,0 28,8	340
C	change in ac	crued	premium amo interest sated absend		n								925 887)

Change in net position

4,229,895

Schedule of Budgeted and Actual Resources and Requirements - Budgetary Basis General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

RESOURCES	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Revenues: Sewer service charges System development charges Reimbursements Maintenance and other Fees Assessment loan repayments Interest Income Other Revenues Federal Grants	\$ 9,872,382 497,500 570,000 141,000 55,000 65,000 61,000	\$ 9,872,382 497,500 570,000 141,000 55,000 65,000 61,000	\$ 9,234,695 796,974 1,200,885 149,885 28,042 23,600 16,505 11,230	\$ (637,687) 299,474 630,885 8,885 (26,958) (41,400) (44,495) 11,230
Transfers in	1,014,100	1,014,100	941,297	(72,803)
Beginning fund balance	2,291,886	2,291,886	3,182,315	890,429
Total resources	\$ 14,567,868	\$ 14,567,868	\$ 15,585,428	\$ 1,017,560
REQUIREMENTS				
Expenditures:				
Personnel Services Materials and Services Debt Service Capital Outlay Total expenditures	\$ 4,406,914 5,173,170 123,860 2,514,928 12,218,872	\$ 4,406,914 5,173,170 123,860 2,784,928 12,488,872	\$ 4,352,789 4,862,957 123,860 2,281,985 11,621,591	\$ 54,125 310,213 - 502,943 867,281
Transfers out	550,000	584,000	583,759	241
Operating contingency	500,000	196,000	-	196,000
Ending fund balance	1,298,996	1,298,996	3,380,078	(2,081,082)
Total requirements	\$ 14,567,868	\$ 14,567,868	\$ 15,585,428	<u>\$ (1,017,560)</u>

Schedule of Budgeted and Actual Resources and Requirements - Budgetary Basis

Bear Creek Interceptor Operations and Maintenance Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

RESOURCES	 Original Budget	_	Final Budget	_	Actual	riance With nal Budget
Revenues: Maintenance fees Interest income	\$ 50,000 4,000	\$	50,000 4,000	\$	44,813 2,629	\$ (5,187) (1,371)
Total revenues	54,000		54,000		47,442	(6,558)
Transfers in	200,000		200,000		193,347	(6,653)
Beginning fund balance	 377,755		377,755		372,770	 (4,985)
Total resources	\$ 631,755	\$	631,755	\$	613,559	\$ (18,196)
REQUIREMENTS						
Expenditures:						
Materials and services	\$ 20,900	\$	25,900	\$	22,374	\$ 3,526
Transfers out	192,000		192,000		173,142	18,858
Operating contingency	75,000		70,000		-	70,000
Ending fund balance	 343,855		343,855		418,043	 (74,188)
Total requirements	\$ 631,755	\$	631,755	\$	613,559	\$ 18,196

Schedule of Budgeted and Actual Resources and Requirements - Budgetary Basis

Dunn Pump Station Operations and Maintenance Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

DESCUIDADA	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		 riance With nal Budget
RESOURCES							
Revenues: Interest income	\$	7,600	\$	7,600	\$	5,404	\$ (2,196)
Transfers in		150,000		150,000		150,000	-
Beginning fund balance		581,650	_	581,650	_	645,800	64,150
Total resources	\$	739,250	\$	739,250	\$	801,204	\$ 61,954
REQUIREMENTS							
Expenditures:							
Materials and services	\$	78,500	\$	78,500	\$	59,071	\$ 19,429
Transfers out		33,000		37,500		37,221	279
Operating contingency		75,000		70,500		-	70,500
Ending fund balance		552,750		552,750		704,912	 (152,162)
Total requirements	\$	739,250	\$	739,250	\$	801,204	\$ (61,954)

Schedule of Budgeted and Actual Resources and Requirements - Budgetary Basis
Interceptor Capital Expansion Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

DECOURAGE	Original Budget	_	Final Budget		Actual		ariance With inal Budget
RESOURCES							
Revenues: Maintenance fees Interest income	\$ 400,000 43,000	\$	400,000 43,000	\$	392,116 35,328	\$	(7,884) (7,672)
Transfers in	350,000		350,000		390,412		40,412
Beginning fund balance	 3,774,573		3,774,573	_	4,372,988		598,415
Total resources	\$ 4,567,573	\$	4,567,573	\$	5,190,844	\$	623,271
REQUIREMENTS							
Expenditures:							
Debt service	\$ 263,203	\$	263,203	\$	263,202	\$	1
Capital outlay	 2,350,000		2,350,000	_	661,392		1,688,608
Total Expenditures	2,613,203		2,613,203		924,594		1,688,609
Operating contingency	350,000		350,000		-		350,000
Ending fund balance	 1,604,370	_	1,604,370	_	4,266,250	_	(2,661,880)
Total requirements	\$ 4,567,573	\$	4,567,573	\$	5,190,844	\$	(623,271)

Schedule of Budgeted and Actual Resources and Requirements - Budgetary Basis
White City Storm Drains Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual	 riance With nal Budget
RESOURCES				
Revenues: Storm drain fees Interest income	\$ 70,000 8,710	\$ 70,000 8,710	\$ 77,670 6,638	\$ 7,670 (2,072)
Beginning fund balance	 669,813	 669,813	 736,832	 67,019
Total resources	\$ 748,523	\$ 748,523	\$ 821,140	\$ 72,617
REQUIREMENTS				
Expenditures:				
Materials and services Capital outlay	\$ 24,000 450,000	\$ 24,000 450,000	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 24,000 450,000
Total Expenditures	474,000	474,000	-	474,000
Transfers out	51,000	51,000	10,963	40,037
Operating contingency	50,000	50,000	-	50,000
Ending fund balance	 173,523	 173,523	 810,177	 (636,654)
Total requirements	\$ 748,523	\$ 748,523	\$ 821,140	\$ (72,617)

Schedule of Budgeted and Actual Resources and Requirements - Budgetary Basis Stormwater Quality Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

RESOURCES		Original Budget	_	Final Budget		Actual	 riance With al Budget
Revenues: Stormwater fees Storm Water Maintenance Fees Construction site erosion permits Maintenance and other Fees Other Revenues Interest Income	\$	397,000 17,000 13,500 7,000 3,000 16,000	\$	397,000 17,000 13,500 7,000 3,000 16,000	\$	362,870 8,500 36,400 - 2,828 10,927	\$ (34,130) (8,500) 22,900 (7,000) (172) 5,073
Beginning fund balance	_	1,093,288	_	1,093,288	_	1,288,466	 195,178
Total resources	\$	1,546,788	\$	1,546,788	\$	1,709,991	\$ 163,203
REQUIREMENTS							
Expenditures:							
Materials and services Capital outlay	\$	74,451 228,400	\$	74,451 228,400	\$	20,122 155,712	\$ 54,329 72,688
Total Expenditures		302,851		302,851		175,834	127,017
Transfers out		347,500		347,500		282,137	65,363
Operating contingency		100,000		100,000		-	100,000
Ending fund balance	_	796,437	_	796,437	_	1,252,020	 (455,583)
Total requirements	\$	1,546,788	\$	1,546,788	\$	1,709,991	\$ (163,203)

Schedule of Budgeted and Actual Resources and Requirements - Budgetary Basis
Shady Cove Treatment Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	riance With nal Budget
RESOURCES		 <u> </u>			
Revenues: Shady Cove fees Interest Income	566,442 537	566,442 537		578,137 636	11,695 99
Transfers in	-	-		150	150
Beginning fund balance	 61,055	 61,055	_	46,034	 (15,021)
Total resources	\$ 628,034	\$ 628,034	\$	624,957	\$ (3,077)
REQUIREMENTS					
Expenditures:					
Materials and services	\$ 103,472	\$ 116,872	\$	116,803	\$ 69
Transfers to the City of Shady Cove	 124,044	 124,044	_	123,144	 900
Total expenditures	227,516	240,916		239,947	969
Transfers out	267,500	267,500		232,630	34,870
Operating contingency	100,000	86,600		-	86,600
Ending fund balance	 33,018	 33,018	_	152,380	 (119,362)
Total requirements	\$ 628,034	\$ 628,034	\$	624,957	\$ 3,077

Schedule of Budgeted and Actual Resources and Requirements - Budgetary Basis

Treatment Capital Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Final Budget Budget Actual		 Variance With Final Budget		
RESOURCES					
Revenues: Shady Cove Capital Fees Interest Income		2,000 3,616	2,000 3,616	20,110 3,477	18,110 (139)
Transfers in		100,000	100,000	-	(100,000)
Beginning fund balance		767,949	 767,949	 960,759	 192,810
Total resources	\$	873,565	\$ 873,565	\$ 984,346	\$ 110,781
REQUIREMENTS					
Expenditures:					
Capital Outlay	\$	555,000	\$ 555,000	\$ 115,169	\$ 439,831
Ending fund balance		318,565	 318,565	 869,177	 (550,612)
Total requirements	\$	873,565	\$ 873,565	\$ 984,346	\$ (110,781)

Schedule of Budgeted and Actual Resources and Requirements - Budgetary Basis

Gold Hill Treatment Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

DESCURSES	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance With Final Budget	
RESOURCES								
Revenues: Gold Hill treatment fees Connection Permits	\$	360,000 500	\$	360,000 500	\$	360,000 -	\$	- (500)
Beginning fund balance		105,052		105,052		269,499		164,447
Total resources	\$	465,552	\$	465,552	\$	629,499	\$	163,947
REQUIREMENTS								
Expenditures: Materials and services Capital Outlay	\$	80,312 50,000	\$	80,312 50,000	\$	62,620 5,420	\$	17,692 44,580
Total Expenditures		130,312		130,312		68,040		(62,272)
Transfers out		278,750		278,750		328,162		(49,412)
Operating contingency		50,000		50,000		-		50,000
Ending fund balance		6,490		6,490		233,297		(226,807)
Total requirements	\$	465,552	\$	465,552	\$	629,499	\$	(163,947)

Schedule of Budgeted and Actual Resources and Requirements - Budgetary Basis
Gold Hill Collection Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

RESOURCES	Original Budget	_	Final Budget		Actual	 riance With nal Budget
Transfers in	\$ 125,000	\$	125,000	\$	143,000	\$ 18,000
Beginning fund balance	 103,563		103,563		1,437	 (102, 126)
Total resources	\$ 228,563	\$	228,563	\$	144,437	\$ (84,126)
REQUIREMENTS						
Expenditures:						
Materials and Services	\$ 5,000	\$	5,000	\$	117	\$ 4,883
Capital Outlay	130,000		130,000		90,318	39,682
Transfers out	44,100		44,100		53,829	(9,729)
Ending fund balance	 49,463		49,463	_	173	 49,290
Total requirements	\$ 228,563	\$	228,563	\$	144,437	\$ 84,126

Schedule of Budgeted and Actual Resources and Requirements - Budgetary Basis Lagoons Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual		riance With nal Budget
RESOURCES Revenues:								
Sewer Service Charge Interest Income	\$	300,000 458	\$	300,000 458	\$	537,117 666	\$	237,117 208
Beginning fund balance		48,443	_	48,443		24,812		(23,631)
Total resources	\$	348,901	\$	348,901	\$	562,595	\$	213,694
REQUIREMENTS								
Expenditures:								
Materials and Services	\$	30,415	\$	30,415	\$	20,211	\$	10,204
Transfers out		176,750		176,750		116,363		60,387
Ending fund balance		141,736		141,736		426,021		(284,285)
Total requirements	\$	348,901	\$	348,901	\$	562,595	\$	(213,694)



This part of Rogue Valley Sewer Services' Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and supplementary information. This information has not been audited by the independent auditors.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information that may assist the reader in assessing RVS' financial performance and placing it in historical perspective	33 -34
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information that may assist the reader in assessing RVS' most significant local revenue source, RVS water rate.	35
Economic and Demographic Information These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators that may assist the reader in understanding the environment within which RVS' financial activities take place	36 - 37
Debt Capacity These schedules present information that may assist the reader in analyzing the affordability of RVS' current levels of outstanding debt and RVS' ability to issue additional debt in the future.	38 - 39
Operating Information This schedule contains service data that may assist the reader in understanding how the information in RVS' financial report relates to the services RVS provides and the activities it performs.	40 - 41

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports for the relevant year.

Rogue Valley Sewer Services Net Position by Component

Table 1

for the last ten fiscal years - Unaudited

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Not Position Components				
Net Position Components				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 96,606,240	\$ 93,056,409	\$86,600,391	\$82,974,802
Restricted	2,295,884	2,119,113	1,736,001	1,736,001
Unrestricted	10,182,546	9,679,253	8,027,219	7,366,108
Total Net Position	\$ 109,084,670	\$ 104,854,775	\$ 96,363,611	\$92,076,911

Source: Rogue Valley Sewer Services accounting records

Table 1

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
\$ 80,122,932	\$ 79,058,152	\$ 78,859,446	\$ 76,699,741	\$ 76,199,276	\$76,163,112
1,509,961	1,439,263	1,309,302	1,060,137	828,344	722,627
7,716,162	5,839,491	3,833,966	5,144,550	5,024,938	4,569,936
\$89,349,055	\$86,336,906	\$84,002,714	\$82,904,428	\$82,052,558	\$81,455,675

Table 2

Rogue Valley Sewer Services Operating Results

for the last ten fiscal years - Unaudited

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Operating revenue				
Sewer service charges	\$ 11,122,816	\$ 11,244,665	\$ 10,176,542	\$ 9,782,350
Other operating revenues	1,886,097	2,184,815	1,674,065	1,634,133
outer operating revenues	13,008,913	13,429,480	11,850,607	11,416,483
Operating expenses:				
Labor and fringe benefits	4,402,676	3,928,944	3,770,295	3,768,556
Treatment charges	3,671,496	3,728,850	3,519,408	3,226,022
Materials and services	1,141,917	1,414,810	1,550,696	1,470,837
Depreciation	2,109,102	2,111,800	1,950,561	1,837,885
	11,325,191	11,184,404	10,790,960	10,303,300
Operating income (loss)	1,683,722	2,245,076	1,059,647	1,113,183
Other nonoperating income (loss), net				
Gain(Loss) on disposition of asset	-	-	-	-
Interest income	89,305	53,731	221,500	154,869
Interest expense	(68,946)	(57,479)	(67,312)	(69,569)
	20,359	(3,748)	154,188	85,300
Developer contribution of plant	1,728,840	825,194	2,372,538	1,235,769
System development charges	796,974	719,182	700,327	494,263
Special assessments	-	-	-	-
Change in net assets	\$ 4,229,895	\$ 3,785,704	\$ 4,286,700	\$ 2,928,515

Source: Rogue Valley Sewer Services accounting records

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
\$ 8,767,177	\$ 8,041,172	\$ 6,994,396	\$ 6,840,381	\$ 6,801,091	\$ 6,578,729
1,736,385	1,428,711	1,439,449	1,155,144	1,081,222	934,105
10,503,562	9,469,883	8,433,845	7,995,525	7,882,313	7,512,834
2,905,850	2,728,191	2,703,183	2,361,332	2,274,062	2,005,587
3,001,448	2,748,900	2,497,440	2,482,151	2,414,519	2,360,774
1,400,725	1,199,064	1,300,210	1,206,070	1,133,978	1,164,091
1,829,777	1,862,091	1,741,477	1,725,641	1,741,811	1,701,287
9,137,800	8,538,246	8,242,310	7,775,194	7,564,370	7,231,739
1,365,762	931,637	191,535	220,331	317,943	281,095
(14,664)	46,611	4,515	46,770	(3,746)	(2,973)
90,764	38,101	39,989	43,150	56,344	53,076
(82,003)	(95,754)	(104,765)	(93,650)	(178,252)	(190,153)
(5,903)	(11,042)	(60,261)	(3,730)	(125,654)	(140,050)
915,549	649,186	635,831	407,570	217,962	434,656
639,308	606,851	328,157	319,463	186,638	310,190
26,735	27,599	3,024	-	-	568,834
\$ 2,941,451	\$ 2,204,231	\$ 1,098,286	\$ 943,634	\$ 596,889	\$ 1,454,725

Rogue Valley Sewer Services Permits Issued, Customers, Gallons Transmitted, Rates

Table 3

for the last ten fiscal years - Unaudited

Fiscal Year Ended June 30th	Number Permits Issued	Residential Units	Commercial Industrial Customers	Total Units/ Customers	Million Gallons Transmitted	_	Sewer Rates
2021	1,284	32,306	1,857	34,163	5,852	\$	21.50
2020	377	32,866	1,924	34,790	5,820		21.50
2019	413	32,497	1,910	34,407	6,405		20.50
2018	384	32,489	1,886	34,375	5,709		19.60
2017	362	31,844	1,862	33,706	7,424		19.00
2016	353	31,346	1,843	33,189	6,868		18.30
2015	360	30,985	1,838	32,823	6,378		15.90
2014	377	31,388	1,835	33,223	6,020		15.90
2013	300	29,654	1,885	31,539	6,611		15.90
2012	217	29,258	1,816	31,074	6,413		15.90

Source: Rogue Valley Sewer Services accounting and engineering records

Note: Gallons transmitted includes all flows through interceptor pipe operated by RVS Amounts include the City of Medford and all other members of the Region

Of the 1,284 permits written,

609 were to cap the lines after the Almeda fire

320 were for reconnecting after the fire

355 were from normal operation connections

Rogue Valley Sewer Services Demographic Statistics

Table 4

for the last ten fiscal years - Unaudited

	RVS			RVS				
Fiscal	Population	Population	Pers	sonal Income		RVS		County
Year Ended	(Estimated)	Jackson	(amou	unts expressed	Pe	r Capita	Unemployment	Population
June 30th	(1)	County (1)	in	thousands)	Ind	come (2)	Rate (3)	Growth
		_		_				
2021	89,241	223,827	\$	5,025,339	\$	56,312	5.6%	0.3%
2020	87,058	223,240		3,760,100		43,191	11.2%	1.8%
2019	81,168	219,200		4,050,933		49,908	4.0%	1.1%
2018	80,305	216,900		3,865,642		48,137	3.8%	1.5%
2017	79,410	213,765		3,577,341		45,049	4.2%	1.3%
2016	78,743	210,975		3,383,902		42,974	5.4%	1.2%
2015	77,985	208,375		3,250,493		41,681	6.2%	1.0%
2014	74,590	206,310		3,000,979		40,233	7.1%	0.8%
2013	74,283	204,630		2,881,140		38,786	7.8%	0.3%
2012	73,990	203,950		2,687,095		36,317	8.7%	0.4%
2011	73,696	203,206		2,733,753		37,095	11.1%	1.0%

Sources:

- (1) County population estimates are from data developed by Portland State University Population Research Center.
- (2) Qualityinfo.org website. Oregon personal income article.
- (3) State of Oregon Employment Dept/Economic Data

Table 5

Rogue Valley Sewer Services Largest Consumption Customers

for the last ten fiscal years - Unaudited

	June 30, 2021 Monthly Percent			June 30, 2011 Monthly Percent		
Customer name	Gallons	Total	_	Gallons	Total	_
Amy's Kitchen	9,155,118	5.0%	_	5,185,917	2.9%	(1)
V A Domiciliary #692	4,863,000	2.7%		2,616,667	1.4%	(4)
Boise Cascade Corp-Beall Ln	4,160,000	2.3%		4,602,838	2.5%	(2)
Carestream Health Inc	3,126,156	1.7%		1,946,138	1.1%	(5)
Bear Creek Operations	2,730,290	1.5%		2,973,783	1.6%	(3)
Eagle Point School Dist 9-Hale Way	1,162,000	0.6%		-	0.0%	
Southern Oregon Linen	1,128,000	0.6%		-	0.0%	
Jaco Sports Park	1,126,293	0.6%		1,407,736	0.8%	(6)
Eagle Pt School Dist 9-Wilson Way	1,071,000	0.6%		-	0.0%	
Roseburg Forest Products PO#C1994	1,058,494	0.6%	_	-	0.0%	_
	29,580,351	14.7%	_	18,733,079	10.3%	_
All other commercial customers	171,140,856	85.3%	_	162,820,163	89.7%	_
	200,721,207	100.0%	-	181,553,242	100.0%	=

The above gallons of sewer effluent are the monthly average for respective fiscal years.

Rogue Valley Sewer Services Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type

for the last ten fiscal years - Unaudited

Fiscal Total Year Percent of Ended Revolving Per Personal June 30th Bonds Notes **DEQ** Loans Amount Income Capita 2021 \$ 2,150,000 \$2,150,000 \$26.49 0.053% 2020 2,460,000 2,460,000 30.31 0.061% 2019 2,765,000 2,765,000 34.07 0.068% 2018 3,060,000 3,060,000 38.10 0.079% 3,350,000 42,183 3,392,183 42.72 0.095% 2017 3,635,000 48.08 2016 150,654 3,785,654 0.112% 3,915,000 2015 316,562 4,231,562 54.26 0.130% 2014 4,372,358 477,160 4,849,518 65.02 0.162% 5,317,860 2013 4,685,204 632,656 71.59 0.185% 5,141,599 5,919,847 2012 778,248 80.01 0.220% 2011 919,129 4,880,884 5,800,013 78.70 0.212%

Notes:

Bonds include general obligation improvement bonds and limited tax and assessment bonds

38

Table 6

Rogue Valley Sewer Services Debt Coverage Ratio

for the last ten fiscal years - Unaudited

Fiscal Year Less Net Ended Operating Operating Available **Debt Payments** Coverage June 30th Revenues Expenses Revenues Principal Interest Total Ratio 2021 \$ 13,008,913 \$ 9,216,089 \$ 3,792,824 \$ 310,000 \$ 77,062 \$ 387,062 9.80 2020 13,429,480 9,072,604 4,356,876 305,000 89,363 394,363 11.05 2019 8,840,399 295,000 99,150 394,150 7.64 11,850,607 3,010,208 2018 11,416,483 8,465,415 2,951,068 332,183 107,889 440,072 6.71 2017 10,530,297 7,308,023 3,222,274 393,472 117,098 510,570 6.31 2016 10,104,333 6,676,155 3,428,178 445,908 130,435 576,343 5.95 425,598 2015 8,765,026 6,500,833 2,264,193 143,329 568,927 3.98 2014 8,314,988 6,049,553 430,496 147,001 577,497 3.92 2,265,435 2013 8,069,019 5,822,747 2,246,272 422,814 222,161 644,975 3.48 2012 7,874,496 5,530,452 2,344,044 387,032 211,877 598,909 3.91

Notes:

Operating expenses exclude depreciation and amortization

Table 7

Rogue Valley Sewer Services Number of Employees

Table 8

for the last ten fiscal years - Unaudited

Fiscal Year Ended June 30th	Administration	Information Technology	Engineering	Maintenance	Storm Water Quality	Treatment	Total
2021	7.85	1.65	4.50	17.0	2.0	5.0	38.0
2020	7.85	1.65	4.50	17.0	2.0	4.0	37.0
2019	7.85	1.65	5.50	18.0	0.0	3.0	36.0
2018	7.85	1.65	5.50	18.0	0.0	3.0	36.0
2017	7.85	1.65	4.50	19.0	0.0	0.0	33.0
2016	6.00	2.00	5.00	17.0	0.0	0.0	30.0
2015	6.0	2.0	5.0	16.0	0.0	0.0	29.0
2014	6.0	1.0	4.6	17.4	0.0	0.0	29.0
2013	8.0	0.0	10.0	13.0	0.0	0.0	31.0
2012	8.0	0.0	9.5	12.0	0.0	0.0	29.5

Source: Rogue Valley Sewer Services accounting records

Rogue Valley Sewer Services Operating and Capital Indicators

Table 9

for the last ten fiscal years - Unaudited

Fiscal Year Ended June 30th	Miles of Sewer	Annual Line Capacity Million Gal	Annual Transported Million Gal	Unused Capacity Total	Percentage Capacity Utilized
2021	416	42,340	5,852	36,488	14%
2020	414	42,340	5,820	36,520	14%
2019	409	42,340	6,405	35,935	15%
2018	406	42,340	5,709	36,631	13%
2017	404	42,340	7,424	34,916	18%
2016	398	42,340	6,868	35,472	16%
2015	398	42,340	6,378	35,962	15%
2014	397	42,340	6,020	36,320	14%
2013	396	42,340	6,611	35,729	16%
2012	395	42,340	7,018	35,322	17%
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Notes:

Annual line capacity is measured at the entrance to the City of Medford Wastewater

Treatment Plant. All flows into the treatment plant come through the District's interceptor system.

Annual transported in millions of gallons is also measured at the entrance of the Wastewater Treatment Plant on a calendar year basis. Data is provided at:

K:data/general/eng departmnet/cmom/flowdata/flows/fy21.

COMMENTS AND DISCLOSURES OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR
REQUIRED BY STATE REGULATIONS



COMMENTS AND DISCLOSURES OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR REQUIRED BY STATE REGULATIONS

To the Board of Directors Rogue Valley Sewer Services Jackson County, Oregon 1976 Garden Ave. Eugene, OR 97403 541.342.5161 www.islercpa.com

We have audited the basic financial statements of Rogue Valley Sewer Services ("RVS"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated January 3, 2022. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the provisions of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, prescribed by the Secretary of State. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

Compliance

Compliance with laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to RVS is the responsibility of RVS' management. As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of RVS' compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295). Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment. Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294). Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law. Programs funded from outside sources. Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294). Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe RVS was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, except for expenditures exceeding appropriations, see Note 2.



OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered RVS' internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of RVS' internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of RVS' internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of RVS' financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and do not provide an opinion on the effectiveness of RVS' internal control or compliance. This report is intended for the information of RVS' board of directors and the Secretary of State, Division of Audits, of the State of Oregon. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

By Paul Nielson, a member of the firm for Isler CPA

Paul R Nielson

January 3, 2022